# Chacewater School – LEAP Into Learning –Autumn 2– Young Oaks

## HISTORY - How did life change from the Stone Age to Iron Age?

### What I might already know:

#### What we will be learning:



Key Vocabulary:Stone Age

- Bronze Age
- Iron Age
- BC
- Palaeolithic

Mesolithic

- Neolithic
- Periods]
- Tools
- Farming
- trade

The **Stone age** was a **prehistoric era** which occurred before the eras previously studied (2.6 million years ago and lasted 2.5 million years.

The **Bronze age** followed the Stone Age and began in 3300 BC to 1200 BC lasting almost 1,500 years. The **Iron Age** began in 1200 BC to 600 BC

Which period of the Stone Age would you rather live in and why?

KEY QUESTIONS:

When did the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age take place and which period lasted the longest? The Stone Age consisted of three different periods.

**Palaeolithic** – around 3,000,000 BC. Early humans used simple stone tools with sharp edges.

**Mesolithic** - around 10,000 BC. Humans were hunter-gatherers and constantly on the move in order to stay safe and warm.

**Neolithic** – around 4500-2400 BC. Farming developed and villages were built.

What changes occurred between the Stone Age and the Iron Age?



The Bronze age: began 3300 BC to 1200 BC.

The Bronze Age drove progress forwards resulting in stronger weapons, better farming and simple trade. Bronze age had roundhouses.

How much did life really change in the Iron Age, and how would we possibly know?



#### The Iron Age:

Iron replaced bronze which led to better tools.
In the Iron Age there was a range of economic and social changes. For example, the concept of wealth, different towns and defenses and an increase in trade and land ownership.



BC AD
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